

## Section 1.1

September 10, 2012  
12:39 PM

Foundations of Math 12  
Section 1.1

Simple Interest

Simple Interest is The amount of interest earned on an investment or paid on a loan

Based on the original amount (principal) and the simple interest rate.

With a partner, work through "Investigate the Math" on page 6.

Ex. 1: Matty invested in a \$2500 guaranteed investment certificate (GIC) at 2.5% simple interest, paid annually, with a term of 10 years.

- a) How much interest will accumulate over the term of Matty's investment?

$$\text{Interest Rate} = 0.025 \quad 1 \text{ yr} \Rightarrow 2500(0.025) = 62.50 \times 10 = 625$$

$$\text{Principal} = \$2500$$

$$I = P(r)t$$

$$\boxed{\text{Total Interest} = \$625}$$

- b) What is the future value of his investment at maturity?

$$\text{Future Value} = \text{Principal} + \text{Interest}$$
$$2500 + 625 = \boxed{\$3125}$$

- c) Use Matty's investment to write an Algebraic expression that could be used to determine the future value of any investment earning simple interest.

$$A = P + Prt$$
$$A = P + I$$

$$A = P + Prt$$

P → Principal

r → interest rate

t → time

A = future value

Ex. 2: Sunni invested \$15 000 in a savings account. Sunni earned a simple interest rate of 8%, paid semi-annually on her investment. She intends to hold the investment for 4.5 years, when she will withdraw all the money to buy a car. Determine the value of the investment at each half year until she withdraws the money.

$$\text{Principal} \rightarrow \$15000$$

$$\text{Interest} \rightarrow 8\% = 0.08$$

↳ semi-annually

$$\text{Term} \rightarrow 4.5 \text{ yrs.}$$

$$\text{↳ time} = 9$$

$$A = P + Prt$$

$$= 15000 + 15000(0.08)(4.5)$$

$$= 15000 + 5400$$

$$A = 20400$$

$$\text{Interest earned 6 months} = \frac{\text{Interest}}{\text{\# of payments}} = \frac{5400}{9}$$

$$\boxed{= \$600}$$

p. 14-17

HW: 1-3 (A, B) 4, 5

Ex. 3: Ingrid invested her summer earnings of \$5000 at 8% simple interest, paid annually. She intends to use the money in a few years to take a holiday with a girlfriend.

- a) How long will it take for the future value if the investment to grow to \$8000?

$$P = 5000$$

$$r = 8\% = 0.08$$

$$t = ?$$

$$A = 8000$$

$$A = P + Prt$$

$$8000 = 5000 + 5000(0.08)t$$

$$8000 = 5000 + 400t$$

$$-5000 \quad -5000$$

$$3000 = \frac{400t}{400}$$

$$7.5 = t$$

Because the payment is annually, it would take 8 yrs

- b) What is Ingrid's rate of return?

$$\text{Rate of Return} = \frac{\text{Interest}}{\text{Principal}}$$

$$I = Prt$$

$$I = 5000(0.08)(8)$$

$$= 3200$$

$$R = \frac{3200}{5000}$$

$$= 0.64$$

$$64\%$$

Ex. 4: Grant invested \$25 000 in a simple interest Canada Savings Bond (CSB) that paid interest annually.

- a) If the future value of the CSB is \$29 375 at the end of 5 years, what interest rate does the CSB earn?

$$P = 25000$$

$$A = 29375$$

$$t = 5$$

$$r = ?$$

$$A = P + Prt$$

$$29375 = 25000 + 25000r(5)$$

$$29375 = 25000 + 125000r$$

$$-25000 \quad -25000$$

$$4375 = 125000r$$

$$\frac{4375}{125000} = \frac{125000r}{125000}$$

$$0.035 = r$$

$$\text{Interest Rate} = 3.5\%$$

- b) Grant cashed in the bond after 4.5 years because a house he had been admiring came up for sale and he needed a down payment. How much money did he have for the down payment?

4.5 yrs but it paid annually  $t = 4$

$$P = 25000$$

$$r = 3.5\%$$

$$t = 4$$

$$A = P + Prt$$

$$= 25000 + 25000(0.035)(4)$$

$$= 25000 + 3500$$

$$= 28500$$

Grant put down \$28500

HW: PAGE 14 - 17 QUESTIONS 1 - 3(A, B), 4 - 12 (EVEN NUMBERS ONLY)